No. 6916—*San.* 12-15-31, *dated* 15*th March* 1916.

In continuation of Government Notification No. 9660—San. 91-12-4, dated 7th June 1913, it is hereby declared that under clause 1 of Section 2 of Regulation I of 1906, vaccination shall be compulsory for a further period of three years from 1st July 1916, in the local area within the control of the Mysore City Municipal Council.

No. 7405—*San.* 11-15-47, *dated* 4*th April* 1916.

It is hereby notified for general information that the attendance of persons from infected areas at the festival noted below is prohibited by the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, in exercise of the powers vested in them by the Epidemic Diseases Regulation, II of 1897 :—

Name of festival	Place	Taluk	District	Period	
				From	To
Sri Kodandaramaswami jatra.	Bowringpet ...	Bowringpet	Kolar ...	11th to 21st May 1916. (Both days inclusive.)	

By Order,
D. M. NARASINGA RAO,
Secretary to Government,
General Department.

REVENUE.

No. R. 8988—*L. R.* 422-15-4, *dated* 20*th March* 1916.

The following notification of the Government of India is republished for general information :—

"GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

SALT.

The 1*st March* 1916.

No. 1545-Exc.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 7 of the Indian Salt Act, 1882 (XII of 1882), and in supersession of the Notification of the Government of India in the Finance Department, No. 1748-Exc.—dated the 20th March 1907, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that, on and after the 1st March 1916, the duty to be paid on salt manufactured in, or imported by land into, British India shall be as follows :—

(*a*) in the case of salt manufactured in any part of British India other than Aden and of salt (other than salt manufactured at the salt-sources of Sambhar, Didwana, or Pachbhadra in the Rajputana Agency, on which a duty has been imposed by the Notification of the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department No. 833-D, of this date) imported by land into any part of British India, one rupee and four annas for each maund of 82⅔ pounds avoirdupois ; and

(*b*) in the case of salt manufactured in Aden and intended for local consumption in that settlement, or for export to ports or places on the Arabian littoral situated between latitude eleven and latitude twenty north and longitude thirty-nine and longitude forty-five east, one rupee for each 140 pounds avoirdupois.

II. The foregoing order shall not affect the orders contained in any notification of the Government of India not herein before expressly mentioned."

No. R. 9065—*Ft.* 95-15-4, *dated* 22*nd March* 1916.

The Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore are pleased to declare, under the provisions of Section 17 of the Mysore Forest Regulation (XI of 1900) that, from 1st May 1916, the area, the boundaries of which are set forth in the schedule annexed to this notification, shall be deemed to be a "State Forest," subject to the exercise of rights specified at foot thereof:—

SCHEDULE.

District	Taluk	Hobli	Village	Approximate area	Name of block	Boundaries and situation
Shimoga	Shimoga	Hole-Honnur and Benkipur Hoblies	Kudligere, Mavinkere, Attigunda, Balgere, Dodderi, Sidderahalli, Yerahalli, Antergange, Kachagondenhalli, Devarahalli, Neralkere, Varavinkere, Baslikatte, Bisalmane, Kottadahal, Kenchammanhalli, Uttunda Hadalkatte.	18·59 sq. miles.	Antergange.	BOUNDARIES.

Situation.—The block is situated to the west of the Kukwada-Ubrani State Forest.

North.—Starting from a point on the northern boundary of the Kudlegere village about 8 chains north-west from the north-west corner of Survey No. 84 of the said village, the line runs north-east along the southern boundary of the Arebelachi village for about 37 chains to the trijunction bandhs of Arebelachi, Kodihalli and Kottadahal; then in the same direction along the southern boundary of Kodihalli to the trijunction bandhs of Kodihalli, Kottadahal and Nagoli; thence south-east in a straight line along the western boundary of the Nogoli village for about 56 chains to the south-east corner of Survey No. 1 of Kottadahal.

East.—Thence south, south-west and east along the western demarcation line of the Kukwada Ubrani State forest through the villages of Kottadahal, Kidlegere, Attigunda and Belegere, to a point about 20 chains north-west from the north-west corner of Survey No. 14 of the said village, then south-east through Survey Nos. 12 and 10 of Belegere for 33 chains to the westernmost corner of Survey No. 9 of the same village then in the same direction through Survey No. 10 for 11 chains to the south-west corner of Survey No. 9; then south-east for 48 chains through Survey No. 10 to the south-west corner of Survey No. 28; then south-west along the western and southern boundary of Nettigalhatti for about 108 chains to the trijunction bandhs of Nettigahatti, Gangur and Dodderi then south along the western boundary of Gangur for about 49 chains to the trijunction bandhs of Gangur, Dodderi and Yemmedoddi; then west through Survey No. 28 of Dodderi for about 63 chains to a point about 23 chains north-east from the north-west corner of Survey No. 20 of Dodderi; then south-west through Survey Nos. 17 and 16 of the same village for about 110 chains to the common bandhs of Dodderi, Bisalmane, Varavinkere and Balekatte villages, then south-east and south-west along the western boundary of the last named village to its south-west corner; then east along the southern boundary of the same village for about 45 chains; then south-west through Survey Nos. 3 and 2 of Sidderahalli for about 88 chains to a point about 5 chains north-east from the north-west corner of Survey No. 1 of the same village; then south-west for about 8 chains through Survey No. 2 of the said village to a point on the south side of Survey No. 2 about 5 chains west from the north-west corner of Survey No. 1; then south through Survey No. 19 for about 16 chains to a point about 5 chains south-west from the south-west corner of Survey No. 22; then south-west through Survey No. 19 for about 65 chains to the trijunction bandhs of Sidderahalli, Yerahalli and Thimmapur (Tarikere Taluk), then south-west in a straight line along the northern boundary of Thimmapur to the trijunction bandhs of Sidderahalli, Thimmapur and Kodihalli (Inam).

South.—Thence north-west and west along the east and north sides of the said Kodihalli village for about 49 chains to the trijunction bandhs of Kodihalli, Mavinkere and Hadalkatte; then west, north-west, west, north-west and south-west along the northern boundary of the Inam Guddadahattihal of the Tarikere Taluk to its north-west corner.

West.—Thence north-west and north along the eastern boundary of Kenchanahalli for about 51 chains to the south-west corner of the Mavinkere village, *i.e.*, a point about 13 chains south-east from the south-west corner of Survey No. 20 of Mavinkere; thence north-east in a straight line through Survey No. 19 of the said village for about 32 chains to the south-east corner of Survey No. 22; then in the same direction for about 75 chains through Survey Nos. 24 and 25 of the same village to the south-west corner of Survey No. 2 of Ukkunda; then north-west for about 5 chains along the south side of Survey No. 1 of the same village to its south-west corner; then south-west along the north side of Survey Nos. 24 and 19 of Mavinkere for about 91 chains to the north-west corner of the latter survey number; then north-west through Survey No. 13 of Yerehalli for about 73 chains to the south-east corner of Survey No. 9 (tank) of the same village; then north-west along the east side of the said Survey No. 9 to its north-east corner; then north-east through Survey No. 13 of the said village for about 23 chains to a point on its northern boundary about 5 chains east from the north-west corner of Survey No. 13 of Yerahalli; then east along the southern boundary of Antergange for about 100 chains to the south-east corner of Survey No. 19 of the same village; then north along the east side of the said survey number for about 72 chains to the north-east corner of the said Survey No. 19; then north-west along the north side of the same survey number for about 12 chains to the trijunction bandhs of Antergange, Kachagondanhalli and Devarhalli; then west along the north side of Survey No. 19 of Antergange for 42 chains to a point about 5 chains north-west from the north-west corner of Survey No. 6 of the same village; then north-east through Survey No. 34 of Kenchigendenhalli for about 49 chains to a point on its north side about 30 chains west from its north-east corner; then north-east through Survey No. 49 of Devarahalli for about 46 chains to a point on the south side of Survey No. 12 of Neralkere about 32 chains south-east from its south-west corner; then south-east along the south side of the said survey number for about 17 chains to its south-east corner; then north-east along the east side of Survey No. 12 of Neralkere for about 63 chains to its easternmost corner; then north-east along the east side of the said Survey No. 12 for about 41 chains to its north-east corner; then north along the east side of Survey No. 33 of Neralkere for about 73 chains to its north-east corner; then west along the north side of the said Survey No. 33 for about 46 chains to a point on its northern boundary about 16 chains north from the north-east corner of Survey No. 47 of the same village; then north through Survey No. 17 of Baslikatte for about 65 chains to its north-east corner; then in the same direction through Survey Nos. 18 and 16 of Attigunda for about 92 chains to the north-east corner of the latter survey number; then north-east along the east side of Survey No. 90 of Kudligere for about 48 chains to its north-east corner; then north-west along the east side of Survey No. 86 of the same village to the easternmost corner of Survey No. 87 (tank) of the said village, then north-west and west along the northern boundary of the said survey number to its north-west corner; then west along the north side of Survey No. 86 of the village for about 27 chains to the starting point.

REMARKS.

A. The undermentioned rights of way are admitted within the block throughout the year.

(1) Cart-track from Arehilchi to Veerappa's temple in Survey No. 2 of Kottadahal, 15 feet wide and about 110 chains long, open for men, cattle and carts. It enters the forest in its northern boundary at a point about 12 chains north from the north-west corner of Survey No. 84 of Kudligere, runs east and south-east through Survey Nos. 1 and 2 of Kottadahal and goes to the temple which is treated as an enclosure.

(2) Foot-path from Kudlegere to Belegere, 6 feet wide and about 51 chains long, open for men and cattle. It enters the forest in its western boundary at a point about 2 chains south from the north-east corner of Survey No. 90 of Kudlegere, goes south-east through Survey No. 89 of the same village and quits the forest in its eastern boundary.

(3) Foot-path branching from the above and leading to Halemallapur, 6 feet wide and about 6 chains long, open for men and cattle. It branches from the above foot-path, and goes east through Survey No. 89 and quits the forest in its eastern boundary.

(4) Foot-path from Attigunda to Belegere, 6 feet wide and about 47 chains long, open for men and cattle. It enters the forest in its western boundary at a point about 17 chains north from the southernmost corner of Survey No. 18, goes south-east through Survey No. 18 of Attigunda and Survey No. 16 of Baslikatte and quits the forest in its

eastern boundary at a point about 37 chains south-west from the north-east corner of Survey No. 16 of Baslikatte.

(5) Cart-track from Neralkere to Dodderi 15 feet wide, and about 186 chains long, open for men, cattle and carts. It enters the forest in its western boundary at a point about 27 chains north from the south-east corner of Survey No. 33 of Neralkere, runs south-east, east and south-east through Survey Nos. 32 and 31 of Neralkere and Survey No. 17 of Dodderi, and quits the forest in its eastern boundary at a point about 5 chains west from the north-west corner of Survey No. 20 of Dodderi.

(6) Foot-path from Belegere to Neralkere 6 feet wide and about 141 chains long, open for men and cattle. It enters the forest in its eastern boundary at the south-west corner of Survey No. 9 of Belegere runs west, south-west, and south and joins the cart-track No. 5 *supra*.

(7) Cart-track from Dodderi to Gangur 15 feet wide and 3 chains long, open for men, cattle and carts. It enters the forest in its eastern boundary at a point about 3 chains west from the south-east corner of Survey No. 28 of Dodderi, goes north-east through Survey No. 28; and quits the forest in the eastern boundary at a point about 3 chains north from the south-east corner of the said Survey No. 28.

(8) Foot-path from Belegere to Nettigalhatti 6 feet wide and about 35 chains long, open for men and cattle. It enters the forest in its eastern boundary at a point about 9 chains south from the south-west corner of Survey No. 37 of Belegere, goes south through Survey No. 10 of the same village and quits the forest in its eastern boundary at a point about 32 chains south-west from the south-west corner of Survey No. 28 of the same village.

(9) Cart-track leading from Benkipur *via* Antergange, to Dodderi 15 feet wide and about 188 chains long, open for men, cattle and carts. It enters the forest in its western boundary at a point about 17 chains north from the south-east corner of Survey No. 19 of Antergange, goes east, north-east and east throuth Survey No. 20 of Antergange and Survey Nos. 1 and 10 of Bisalmane and reaches the Bisalmane enclosure at a point about 3 chains south from the south-east corner of Survey No. 9 of Bisalmane, and again it begins in the said enclosure at a point about 3 chains east from the south-east corner of Survey No. 6 of the same village goes east through Survey No. 10 of Bisalmane and Survey No. 16 of Dodderi and quits the forest in its eastern boundary at a point about 10 chains north-east from the south-west corner of Survey No. 16 of Dodderi.

(10) Foot-path from Devarahalli to Bisalmane 6 feet wide and about 156 chains long, open for men and cattle. It enters the forest in its western boundary at a point about 28 chains south-west from the south-west corner of Survey No. 30 of Neralkere, runs south-east through Survey Nos. 49 and 50 of Devarahalli and Survey No. 1 of Bisalmane and reaches the Bisalmane enclosure at a point about 3 chains south-west from the northernmost corner of Survey No. 2 of the same village.

(11) Foot-path from Antergange to Kenchammanagudi in Survey No. 2 of Kenchammanahalli and on to Sidderahalli, 6 feet wide and about 218 chains long, open for men and cattle. It enters the forest in its western boundary at a point about 7 chains north from the south-east corner of Survey No. 19 of Antergange, runs south-east and south through Survey No. 20 of Antergange, Survey No. 14 of Devarahalli and Survey Nos. 10 and 9 of Ukkunda and reaches the Ukkunda enclosure, at a point about 3 chains south from the north-east corner of Survey No. 9 of the same village; and again it begins in the said enclosure at a point about 5 chains south from the south-east corner of Survey No. 4 of the same village, goes south-east, east and south-east through Survey Nos. 5 and 10 of Ukkunda and Survey No. 2 of Kenchammanahalli and reaches the Kenchammangudi enclosure, and again it begins in the said enclosure, goes south-east through Survey No. 2 of Kenchammanahalli and Survey No. 2 of Sidderahalli and quits the forest in its easteren boundary at a point about 5 chains west from the north-west corner of Survey No. 1 of Sidderahalli.

(12) Foot-path from Ukkunda to Balekatte, 6 feet wide and about 155 chains long, open for men and cattle. It begins in the Ukkunda enclosure at a point about 3 chains south-west from the south-west corner of Survey No. 4 of Ukkunda, goes east through Survey Nos. 5 and 10 of Ukkunda, Survey Nos. 2 and 3 of Kenchammanahalli and Survey No. 3 of Varvinkere and quits the forest in its eastern boundary at a point about 4 chains north from the south-west corner of the Balekatte village.

(13) Foot-path from Devarahalli to Ukkunda, 6 feet wide and about 97 chains long, open for men and cattle. It enters the forest in its western boundary at a point about 3

chains north-west from the south-east corner of Survey No. 13 of Yerahalli, runs east through Survey Nos. 13 and 14 of the same village and Survey Nos. 10 and 1 of Ukkunda and reaches the Ukkunda enclosure at a point about 3 chains south from the north-west corner of Survey No. 1 of the same village.

(14) Foot-path from Mavinkere to Siddarahalli, 6 feet wide and about 127 chains long, open for men and cattle. It enters the forest in its western boundary at a point about 15 chains east from the north-east corner of Survey No. 5 of Mavinkere, goes east through Survey Nos. 24 and 25 of Mavinkere, Survey No. 10 of Ukkunda and Survey No. 2 of Kenchammanahalli and joins foot-path No. 11 *supra*.

(15) Foot-path from Siddarahalli to Kenchammanahalli 6 feet wide and about 128 chains long, open for men and cattle. It enters the forest in its eastern boundary at a point about 27 chains west from the north-west corner of Survey No. 16 of Sidderahalli runs south-west, through Survey Nos. 19 and 20 of Sidderahalli and quits the forest in its southern boundary at the south-east corner of the Hadalkatte village.

B. The following concessions are admitted within the Block:—

(1) Veerappa's temple in Survey No. 2 of Kottadahal is treated as an enclosure. Access to it will be by means of cart-track No. 1 *supra*.

(2) Survey Nos. 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 2 and 9 of Bisalmane or clubbed together and treated as an enclosure with a margin of 3 chains all round. Access to it will be by means of foot-path No. 10 *supra*.

(3) Survey No. 3 of Ukkunda is treated as an enclosure with a margin of 3 chains all round. Access to it will be by means of foot-path No. 11.

(4) Kenchammanagudi in Survey No. 2 of Kenchammanahalli is treated as an enclosure with a camping ground of 5 chains all round. Access to it will be by means of foot-path No. 11.

(5) The raiyats of Yerahalli are allowed to (1) graze their cattle (326) free in the Reserve, during the prescribed season, (2) to remove dead wood at the rate of 6 cart loads for each raiyat paying a kandayam of Rs. 10, and under, and at the rate of 12 cart loads for each raiyat paying more, seebu at 5 cart loads for each house, per annum, and wooden materials for agricultural implements as detailed in the subjoined statement.

(6) The raiyats of Kodihalli (305 cattle) and Arebilchi (558 cattle) are permitted (1) to graze their cattle in the Reserve on payment of half the prescribed rates during the prescribed season, (2) to remove seebu at 5 cart loads for each house, per annum, and wooden materials for agricultural implements as detailed in the subjoined statement.

(7) The raiyats of Sunnadahalli, Masarahalli, Benkipur, Seegebagi, and Kodihalli (near Benkipur) and Narsipur are allowed (1) to remove dead wood from the Reserve at the rate of 6 cart loads for each raiyat paying a kandayam of Rs. 10, and under, and at the rate of 12 cart loads for each raiyat paying more, (2) to remove seebu at 5 cart loads for each house per annum, and wooden materials for agricultural implements as detailed in the subjoined statement.

(8) The raiyats of Kenchigondanhalli are allowed to remove from the Reserve, seebu at the rate of 5 cart loads for each house per annum, and wooden materials for agricultural implements as detailed in the subjoined statement.

(9) The raiyats of Antergange are allowed to remove from the Reserve, seebu at 5 cart loads for each house per annum.

(10) The raiyats of Barandur, Hallikere and Devarahalli villages are allowed to remove from the Reserve wood for agricultural implements as detailed in the subjoined statement.

N.B.—The concession to remove fuel, seebu and wooden materials for agricultural implements will be exercised by the raiyats only under free permits to be issued by the Forest Department and in the localities selected by that department.

The raiyats of the following villages are entitled to remove free, from the Antergange Reserve, wooden materials from the unreserved and classified trees, as detailed below :—

Serial No.	Name of village	Annually	Once in three years
1	Yerahalli	4 pieces of wood for plough beam (ನೇಗಿಲು) 7 feet long.	4 pieces of wood for yoke (ನೊಗ) 7 feet long.
2	Arebilchi	4 pieces of wood for plough foot (ನೇಗಿಲ ಬಾಲು) 3 feet long.	4 pieces of wood for plough handle 4½ feet long.
3	Kodihalli	2 pieces of wood for parts of drill plough 4½ feet long.	4 pieces of wood for parts of a harrow (ಹಗ್ಗಲಿಟ್ಟ ದಿಂಡು) 3 feet long.
4	Sunnadahalli	4 pieces of wood for parts of drill plough (ಗುದ್ದ ದಿಂಡು) 9 feet long.	4 pieces of wood for parts of a harrow (ಮೋಟಿ) 9 feet long.
5	Masarahalli	3 pieces of wood for parts of drill plough (ಮೋಟಿ) 3 feet long.	4 pieces of wood for parts of harrow 3 feet long.
6	Benkipur		4 pieces of wood for the wooden teeth of a harrow (ಹಗ್ಗೆ) 3 feet long.
7	Seegebagi		2 pieces of wood for logs for packing the soil (ಕೂರಡಮುಗಳು) 7 feet long.
8	Kodihalli (near Benkipur)		2 pieces of wood for drill plough (ಕೂರಿಗೆ ದಿಂಡು) 3 feet long.
9	Kachagondenhalli		4 pieces of wood for parts of drill plough (ಹೀಜು) 9 feet long.
10	Narsipur		2 pieces of wood for parts of drill plough (ಮೋಟಿ) 3 feet long.
11	Barandin		2 pieces of wood for bush harrow (ಜಲ್ಲೆ) 9 feet long.
12	Hallikere and		4 pieces of wood for parts of drill plough (ಹೀಜು) 9 feet long.
13	Devarahalli		4 pieces of wood for parts of drill plough (ಮೋಟಿ) 3 feet long.
			4 pieces of wood for parts of drill plough (ಯುಡಕಾಂಟೆ ದಿಂಡು) 9 feet long.
			4 pieces of wood for drill plough (ಯುಡಕಾಂಟೆ ಹೀಜು) 9 feet long.
			4 pieces of wood for parts of drill plough (ಯುಡಕಾಂಟೆ ಮೋಟಿ) 3 feet long.
			2 pieces of wood for cart pole (ನೊಗ).
			2 pieces of wood for yoke (ನೊಗ)

No. Fl. 4866—*S. R.* 115-15-2, *dated* 22*nd March* 1916.

Tenders are hereby invited for the exclusive privilege of establishing Bonded Dépôts at the localities specified in Appendix A and transporting thereto arrack and other country spirits from the Bangalore Government Central Distillery *under bond*, and thereat distributing it to the respective arrack shop-keepers attached to the said depots during the next three years beginning with 1st July 1916 and ending with 30th June 1919.

2. The privilege for which tenders are now invited will be conceded subject to the conditions specified in Appendices S (i) and S (ii) (hereto annexed) of the rules published under Notification No. 11387—Ex. F. 3-1901, dated 8th January 1902, and which are hereby slightly modified and the Excise Laws and Rules now in force, or which may from time to time be passed by Government or by the Excise Commissioner in virtue of the powers delegated to him.

3. The quantity of arrack and other country spirits conveyed from the Government Central Distillery to each Bonded Depôt during the past three years is mentioned in Appendix A.

4. Tenderers must specify the lowest rate of remuneration per fifty gallons of spirits to be carried from the distillery at which they would take up the contract. They must specify one rate for the Bangalore City Depôt and another rate for the depôts in all the other places. The rates, thus tendered and accepted by Government, shall be the rates at which remuneration shall be calculated on the actual quantity carried in each case and be payable to the successful tenderer who shall be called, "Government Contractor for the carriage of spirits to Bonded Depôts," during the currency of the contract granted under this notification. The rates tendered will be deemed to include the carriage of ganja to the several Taluk Treasuries for which no separate remuneration will be given.

5. Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 100 for the Bangalore City Depôt and Rs. 500 for the mofussil depôts specified in Appendix A, and enclosed in a cover superscribed with the words "Tender for the exclusive privilege of establishing Bonded Depôts, and carrying spirits thereto from the Bangalore Government Central Distillery and distributing the same to separate shops" and must be sent to the Excise Commissioner at Bangalore so as to reach him before noon on Monday the 10th April 1916 after which date no tender will be received. The tenders will be opened by the Excise Commissioner at his office at 12 o'clock noon on the 10th April 1916, in the presence of such of the applicants as may be present. The final disposal of the tenders will rest, subject to the approval of Government, with the Excise Commissioner who reserves to himself full power to reject any or all of the tenders without assigning any reason, and power to accept separate tenders for the Bangalore supply, and for supply in the rest of the State. The deposits made by the applicants whose tenders are rejected will be immediately returned to them by the Excise Commissioner.

6. The applicant whose tender may be accepted by the Excise Commissioner, shall, within eight days of the acceptance of his tender being communicated to him, deposit at the District Treasury, Bangalore, a further sum in cash or in Government Securities duly endorsed in favor of the Dewan of Mysore, for the time being, to make, with the deposits previously made, a sum of Rs. 1,000 for the Bangalore City Depôt, and Rs. 6,000 for the aforesaid mofussil depôts, and shall execute an agreement in the prescribed appended Form S (i) for the Bangalore City Depôt and S (ii) for the said mofussil depôts on proper stamps, binding himself to conform to the conditions therein set forth; and if he fails or refuses to sign the agreement, or to make the deposit required, the deposits already made will be forfeited to Government, and the contract otherwise disposed of.

7. No tender proposing any modification of any of the terms of this notification will be considered.

8. The contract shall not be transferable except with the previous sanction of the Excise Commissioner subject to the approval of Government.

9. The depôts shall be opened by the contractor in buildings approved by the Deputy Commissioner of the district concerned. Where Government buildings are made available for use as depôts, the contractor shall be bound to use them, paying such fair rent as may be charged by the Deputy Commissioner.

APPENDIX S (i).

FORM OF CONTRACT BOND TO BE EXECUTED BY THE GOVERNMENT CONTRACTOR FOR CARRIAGE OF ARRACK AND OTHER COUNTRY SPIRITS TO THE BANGALORE CITY BONDED DEPOT.

WHEREAS I, , have been granted by the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore for the period of three years beginning with the 1st of July 1916, and ending with the 30th of June 1919, the right of conveying arrack and other country spirits from the Central Distillery *under bond* to the Depôt in the City of Bangalore, in quantities sufficient to meet the demand of the separate shops dependent on such Depôt, and whereas the said Government has agreed to pay me the remuneration hereinafter described, I the said , for myself, my heirs, legal representatives, and assigns, hereby agree and bind himself to all the terms and conditions hereinafter set forth :—

(1) that I hold myself responsible to Government for the correct delivery of the requisite supplies of arrack at 30° under-proof to the separate shop-keepers in the said Bonded Depôt at the City of Bangalore, on production of Treasury receipts in proof of prepayment of duty and price of such arrack;

(2) that in special cases sanctioned by the Deputy Commissioner, I shall be bound to carry the requisite supply of arrack to any altered locality of the existing Depôt provided the expense to me is not likely to be greater than supplying the present Depôt;

(3) that I shall be bound to carry the requisite supplies of Ganja to the Taluk Treasury for issue to licensed vendors of the drug;

(4) that as remuneration for my contract, the Government shall pay me, at the end of each month, an amount calculated at the rate of for every gallon of arrack conveyed by me from the Central Distillery to the Depôt, and shall allow me no wastage under any circumstances whatsoever; nor shall any separate remuneration be claimed for the Ganja carried by me;

(5) that the usual establishment required for such Depôt and the house rent shall be paid for by myself; and that I shall be bound to get the previous approval of the Excise Commissioner to the terms of the *Mutchalika* to be executed as between myself and Depôt Mutsaddis so that the interest of Government may not be prejudically affected by the said *Mutchalikas*;

(6) that the establishment at the Depôt shall keep such accounts and be furnished with and use such seals for sealing the sample bottle and the bulk of liquor issued to shop-keeper as may be prescribed by the Excise Commissioner, and shall be under the control and orders of myself, and regard themselves as my servants;

(7) that I shall conform to the Excise Laws and Rules now in force, and which may from time to time be issued by Government, and also to such rules of practice as may be prescribed by the Excise Commissioner;

(8) that for the due fulfilment of the terms of this contract, I hereby deposit in the Bangalore District Treasury the sum of rupees one thousand in cash (or Government Securities duly enclosed in favour of the Dewan);

(9) that I equally with the Depôt-keeper shall be bound by the conditions of the Depôt license, Appendix R of Arrack Rules;

(10) that I shall be bound to dismiss or transfer any of my servants on the requisition of the Excise Commissioner or the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District, whenever transfers of an individual mutsaddi from or to a place are deemed desirable or necessary in Government interests, and that I shall appoint qualified men in place of dismissed men without delay, that Depôt Mutsaddis once dismissed for bad behaviour, etc., shall not be posted to other places without the previous sanction of the Excise Commissioner;

(11) that I shall be bound to make good the loss accruing to Government and the separate shop-keepers by short stock or no stock in the said Depôt, or by my neglect or carelessness in not conveying the necessary supplies of arrack to the Depôt in due time;

(12) that as the liability of the manufacturers ceases on delivery by them of arrack to me at the Distillery, and of the Distillery Officer on delivery of the ganja

consignments at the said place, all further liability or responsibility to account for the whole quantity of such arrack and ganja thenceforth, shall rest with me, and any diminution from any cause whatever, (Acts of God and the State's enemies and robbery by *vis major* excepted), shall be made good by me at the prescribed rate of duty and price per gallon of arrack of 30° under-proof, and proportionately for higher or lower strengths and per seer of 80 tolas of ganja, respectively;

(13) that in case of any breach of the laws and rules or of the aforesaid conditions, or in case of any attempt at fraud by my servants, agents or employees, it shall be competent to the Excise Commissioner to impose upon them, or upon myself in the event of my neglect, a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 for every such breach or neglect, or, at the option of the Excise Commissioner to declare the money deposited by me forfeited; and to cancel the contract with previous sanction of Government;

(14) that the imposition of a fine or the forfeiture of the deposit, or the cancelment of the contract, shall not be held to prevent prosecution for any offence committed under any law for the time being in force; and

(15) that this contract shall not be transferable except with the consent of the Excise Commissioner subject to the approval of Government.

In witness whereof I, , hereunto set my hand and seal this day of 191 .

Sealed, signed and delivered in the presence of us:—

Witnesses:—

1.

2.

APPENDIX S (ii).

FORM OF CONTRACT BOND TO BE EXECUTED BY THE GOVERNMENT CONTRACTOR FOR CARRIAGE OF ARRACK AND OTHER COUNTRY SPIRITS TO BONDED DEPOTS.

WHEREAS I, , have been granted by the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, for the period of three years beginning with the 1st of July 1916 and ending with the 30th of June 1919, the right of conveying arrack and other country spirits from the Central Distillery *under bond* to the various Depôts in the districts of Bangalore, Kolar, Tumkur, Mysore, Hassan, Kadur, Shimoga and Chitaldrug, in quantities sufficient to meet the demand of separate shops dependent on such Depôts, and whereas the said Government has agreed to pay me the remuneration hereinafter described, I the said , for myself, my heirs, legal representatives and assigns hereby agree and bind myself to all the terms and conditions hereinafter set forth:—

(1) that I hold myself responsible to Government for the correct delivery of the requisite supplies of arrack at 30° under-proof to the various arrack separate shop-keepers, in the said Bonded Depôts, and of other country spirits for the use of hospitals, dispensaries, etc., on production of Treasury receipts in proof of prepayment of duty and price of such arrack and of the price of other country spirits for the use of hospitals, etc.;

(2) that in special cases sanctioned by the Deputy Commissioner at the instance of any shop-keepers, I shall be bound to open new Depôts in any tract and to carry the requisite supply of arrack to such new Depôts or to any altered locality of the existing Depôts, provided the expense to me is not likely to be greater than maintaining and supplying present Depôts;

(3) that I shall be bound to carry the requisite supply of ganja to the Taluk Treasuries in the State for issue to licensed vendors of the drug;

(4) that as remuneration for my contract, the Government shall pay me at the end of each month an amount calculated at the rate of annas for every gallon of spirits conveyed by me from the Central Distillery to the Depôts, and shall also pay me actual wastage at a rate not exceedig one and a quarter per cent on the quantity of arrack removed by me from the Distillery and till actual delivery at the Depots of the liquor to the shop-keepers, that at the end